

# Développement conjoint d'habiletés cognitives et de régulation du comportement



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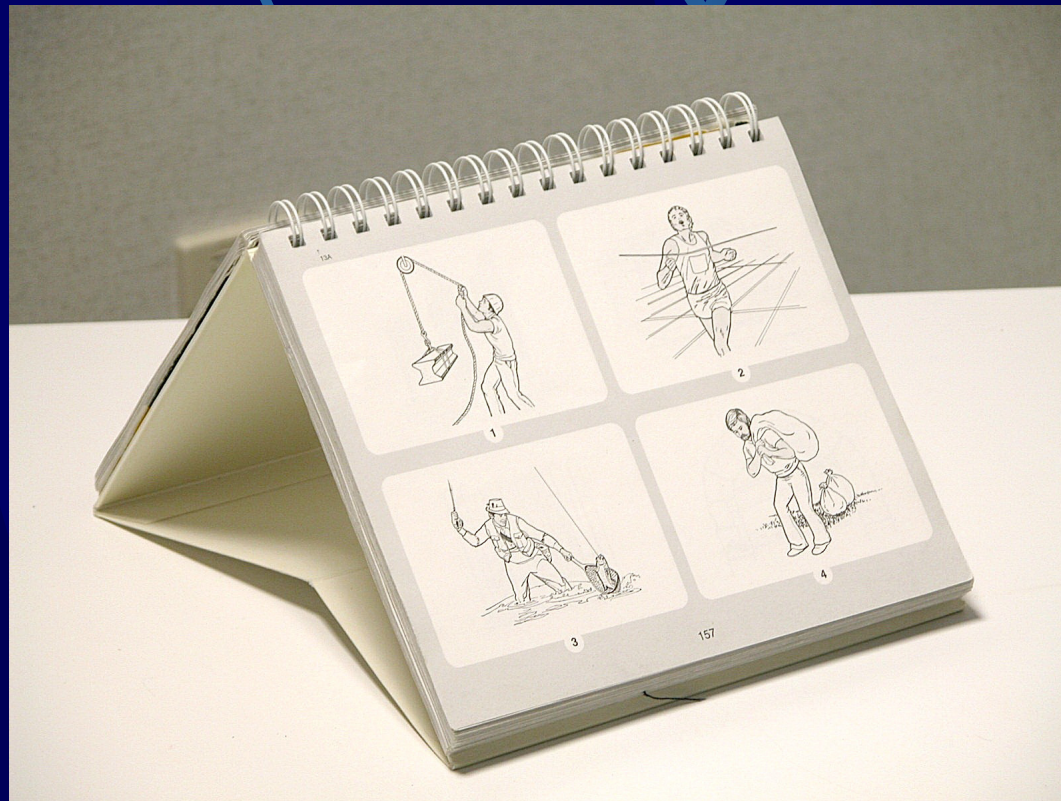
Montréal, le 10 Novembre 2008

# Troubles du comportement au Québec: 6-14 ans

- Troubles des conduites
  - 0,2 – 2,3%
- Trouble Déficit d'Attention/Hyperactivité
  - 1,8 – 10%
- Trouble d'opposition
  - 1 – 6%

Breton, J.-J., Bergeron, L., Valla, J.-P., Berthiaume, C., Gaudet, N., Lambert, J. et al. (1999). Quebec Child Mental Health Survey: Prevalence of DSM-III-R mental health disorders. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*, 40, 375-384.

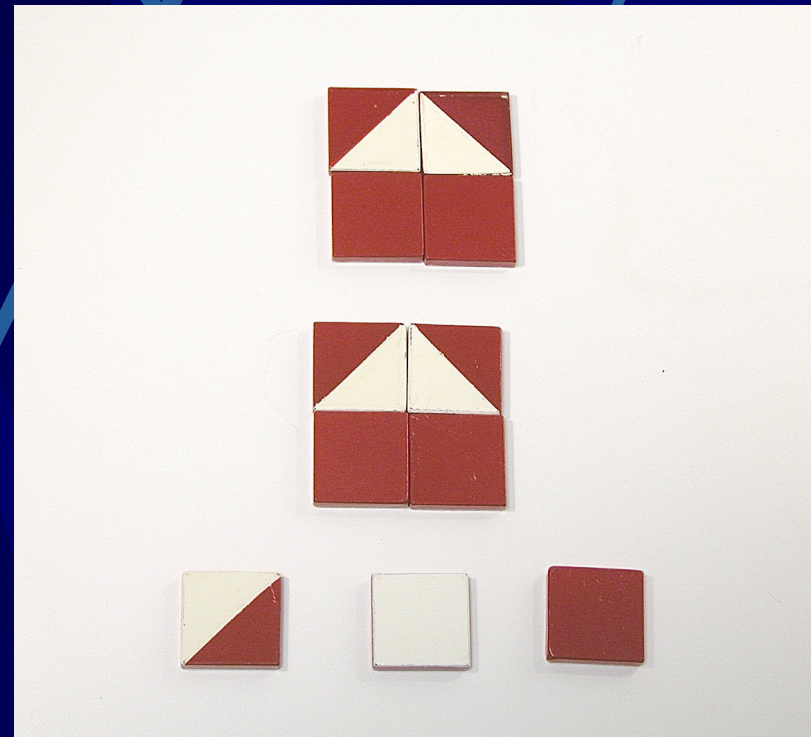
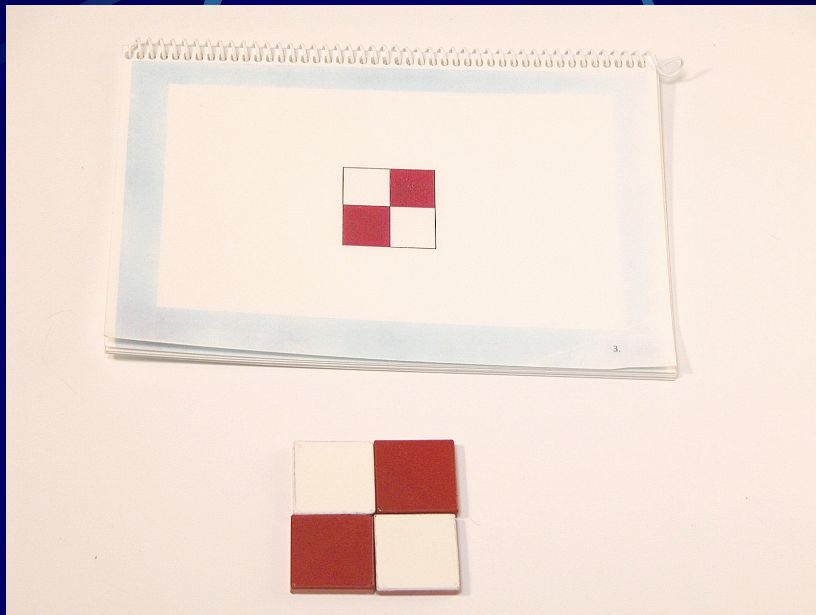
# Échelle Vocabulary en Images de Peabody - R



Dunn, L. M. & Dunn, L. M. (1981). *PPVT: Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test-Revised: Manual for forms L and M*. Circle Pines, MN: American Guidance Services.

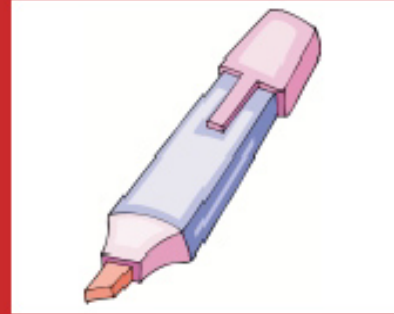
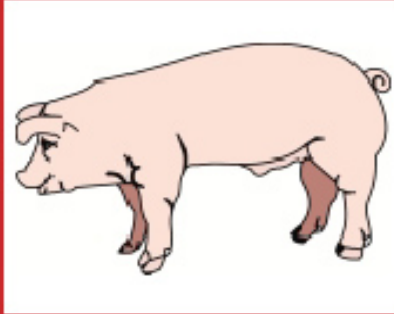
Dunn, L. M., Theriault-Whalen, C. M., & Dunn, L. M. (1993). *Échelle de Vocabulaire en Images Peabody. Adaptation française du Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test-Revised*.

# Blocs du WPPSI



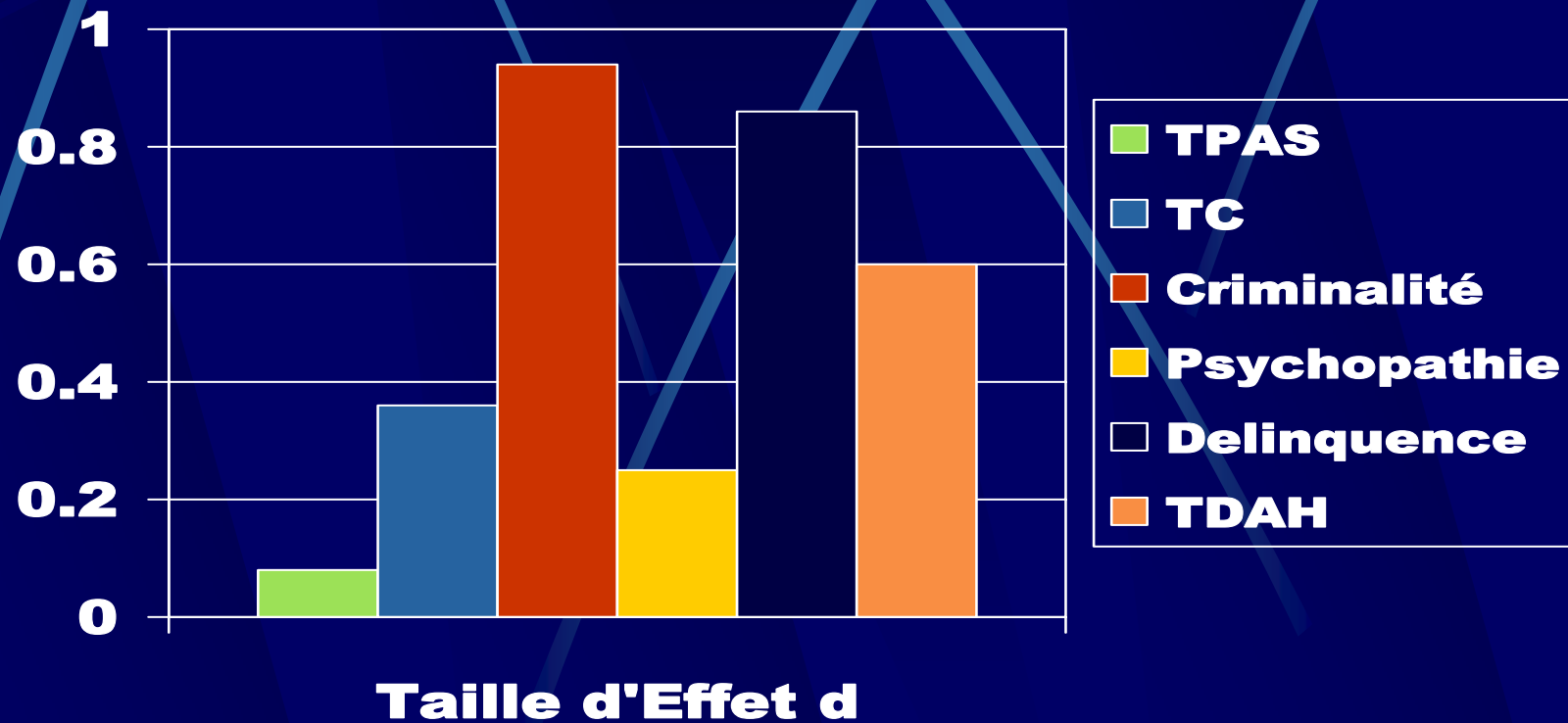
Wechsler, D. (1989). *Manual for the Wechsler Preschool and Primary Scale of Intelligence - Revised*. Toronto, Ontario, CANADA: The Psychological Corporation.

# Visually Cued Recall



Zelazo, P. D., Jacques, S., Burack, J., & Frye, D. (2002). The relation between theory of mind and rule use: Evidence from persons with autism-spectrum disorders. *Infant and Child Development*, 11, 171-195.

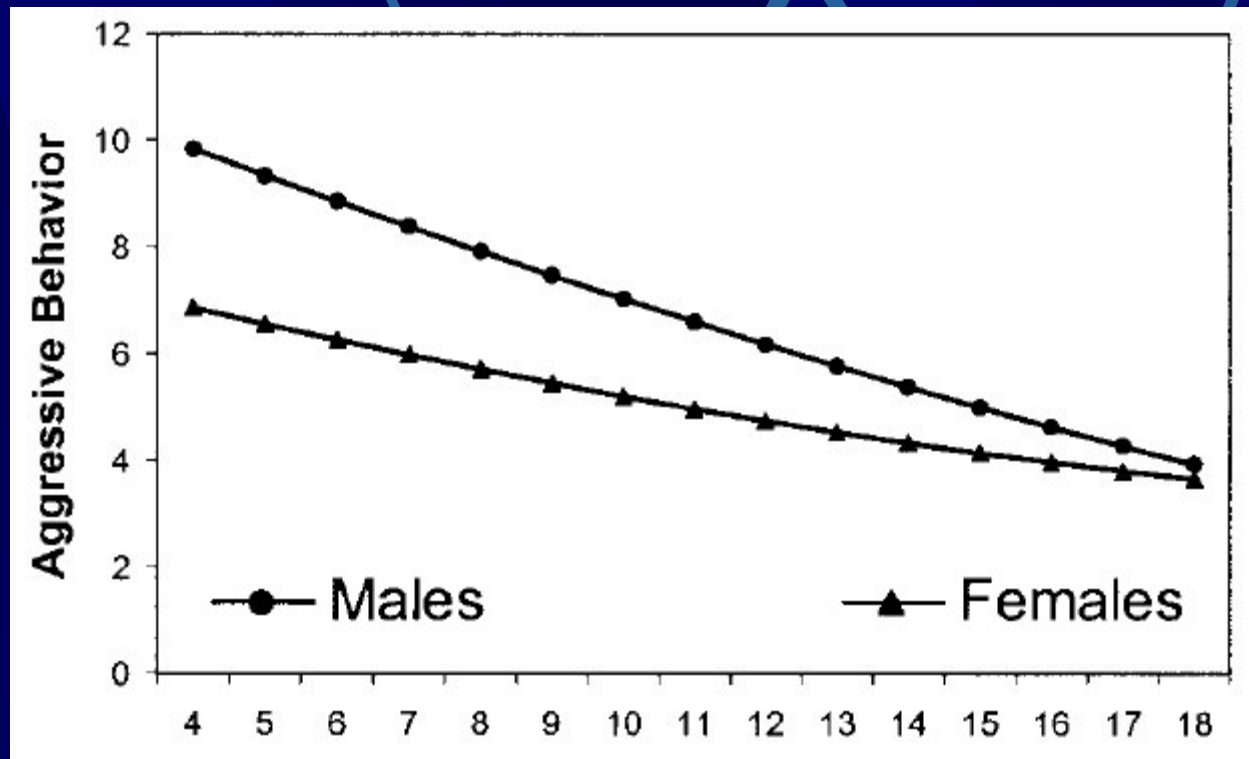
# Habiletés cognitives et syndromes cliniques



Morgan, A. B. & Lilienfeld, S. O. (2000). A meta-analytic review of the relation between antisocial behavior and neuropsychological measures of executive function. *Clinical Psychology Review, 20*, 113-136.

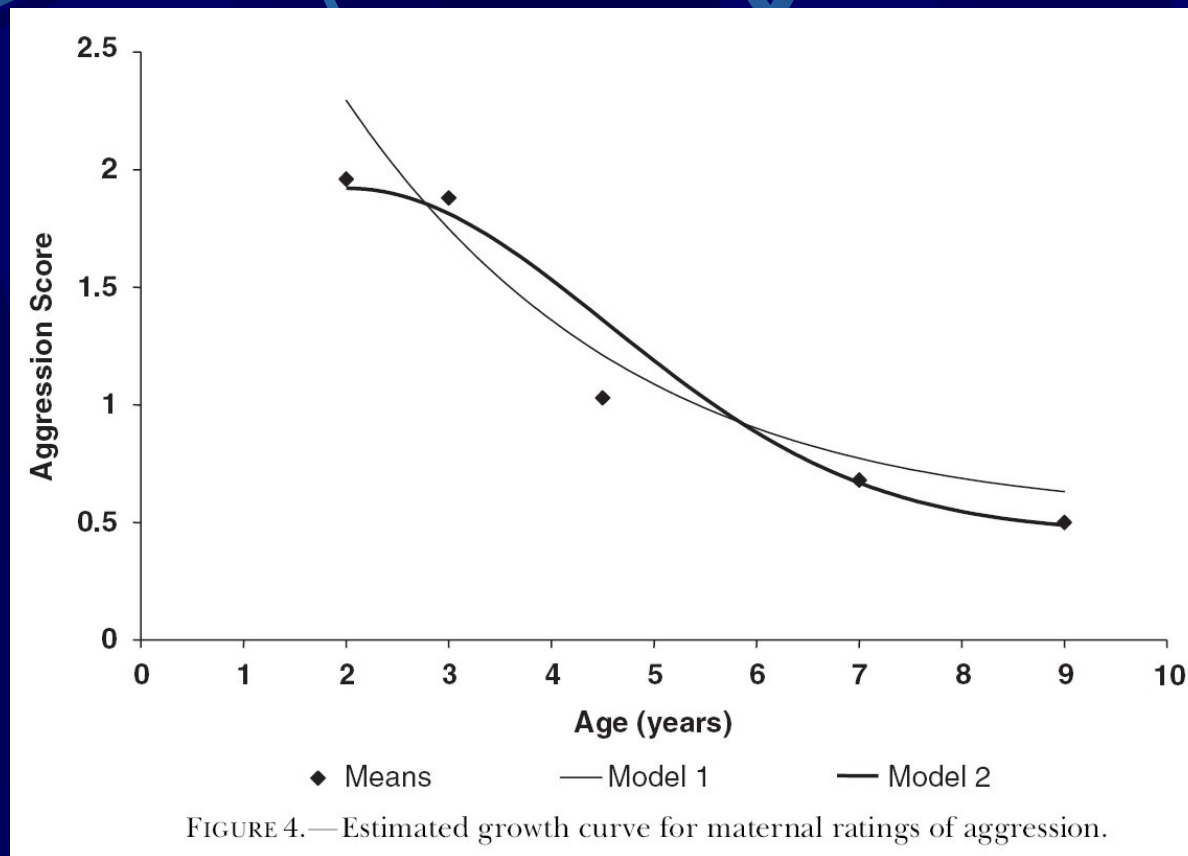
Willcutt, E. G., Doyle, A. E., Nigg, J. T., Faraone, S. V., & Pennington, B. F. (2005). Validity of the executive function theory of attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder: A meta-analytic review. *Biological Psychiatry, 57*, 1336-1346.

# Fréquence de l'aggression physique de 4 à 11 ans: Pays Bas



Bongers, I. L., Koot, H. M., van der Ende, J., & Verhulst, F. C. (2003). The normative development of child and adolescent problem behavior. *Journal of Abnormal Psychology*, 112, 179-192.

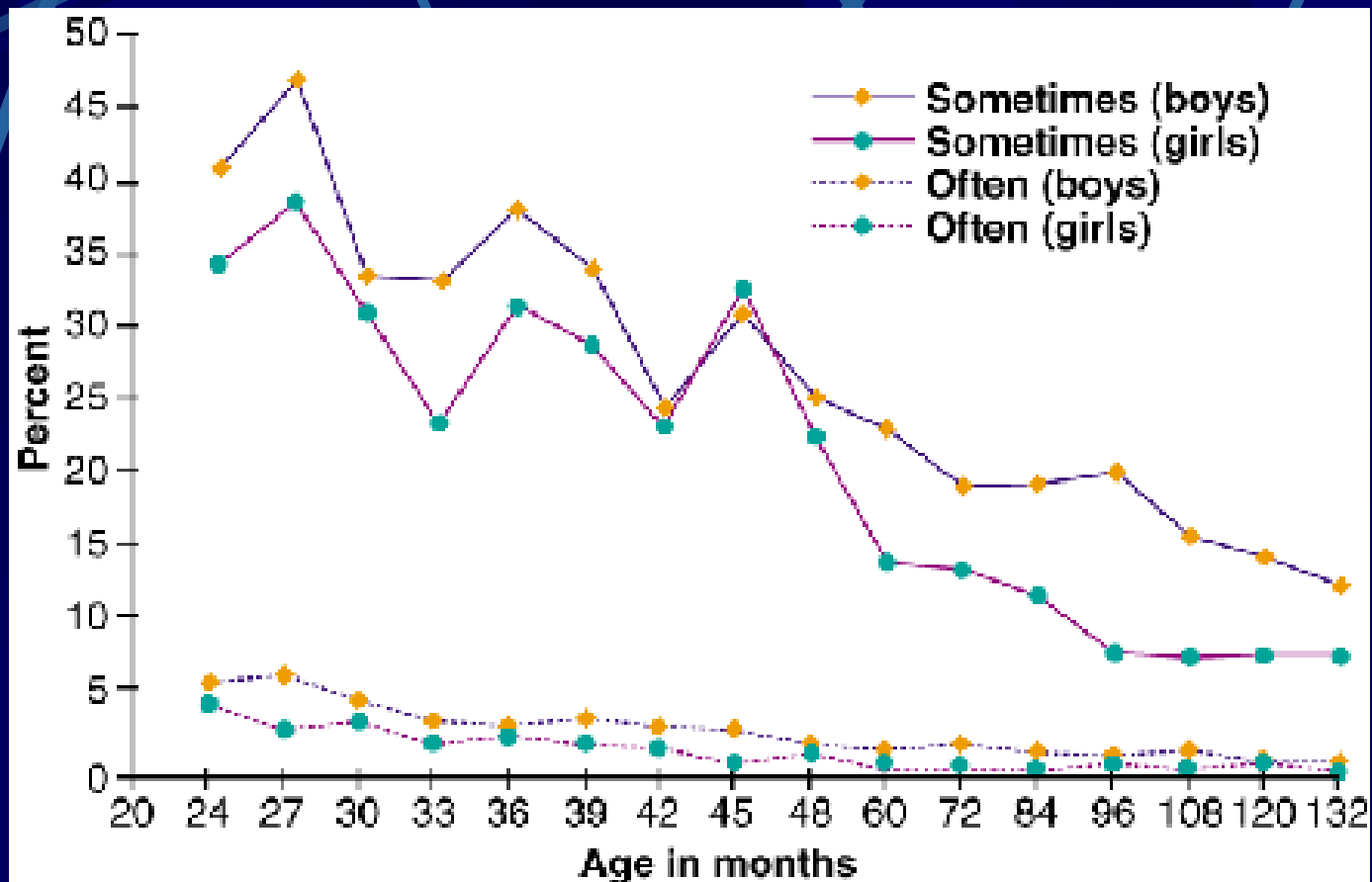
# Fréquence de l'aggression physique de 2 à 9 ans: : NICHD



National Institute of Child Health and Human Development Early Child Care Research Network (2004). Trajectories of physical aggression from toddlerhood to middle childhood: Predictors, correlates, and outcomes. *Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development*, 69(4), vii-128.

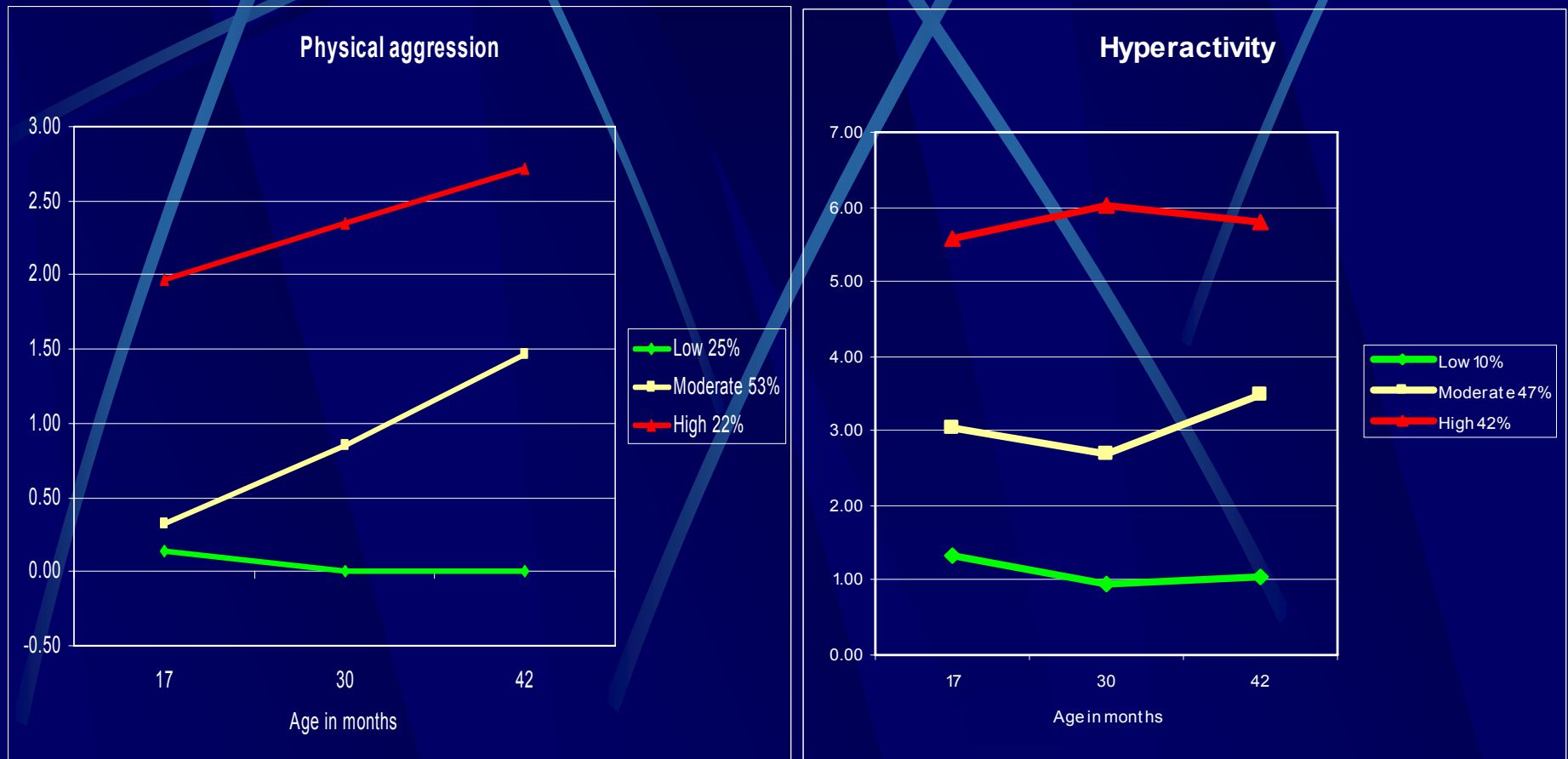


# Fréquence de l'aggression physique de 2 à 11 ans: ELNEJ



Holden, C. (2000). The violence of the lambs. *Science*, 289, 580-581.

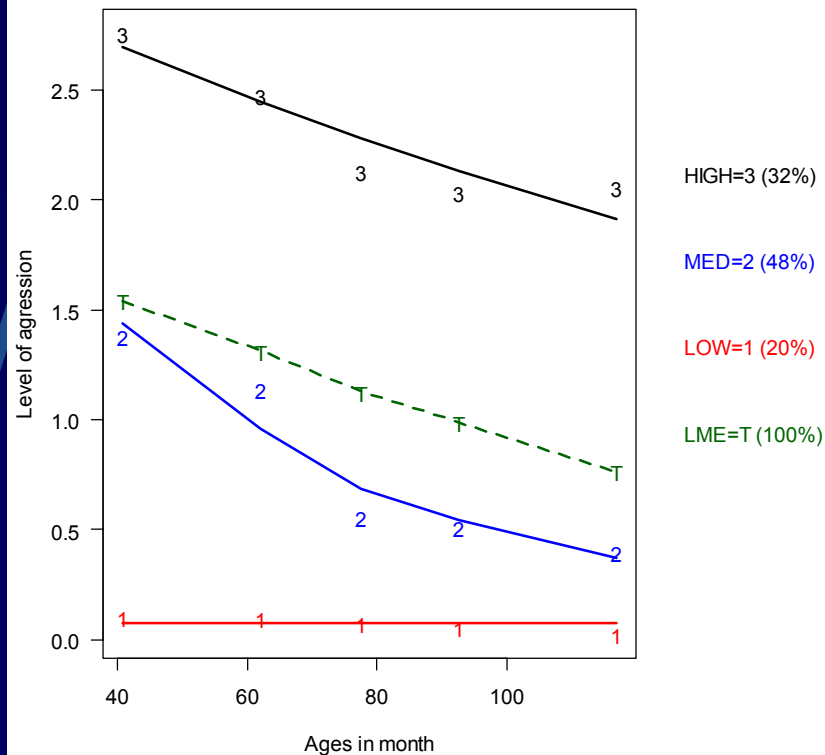
# Trajectoires d'agression physique et d'hyperactivité entre 17 et 42 mois (ELDEQ)



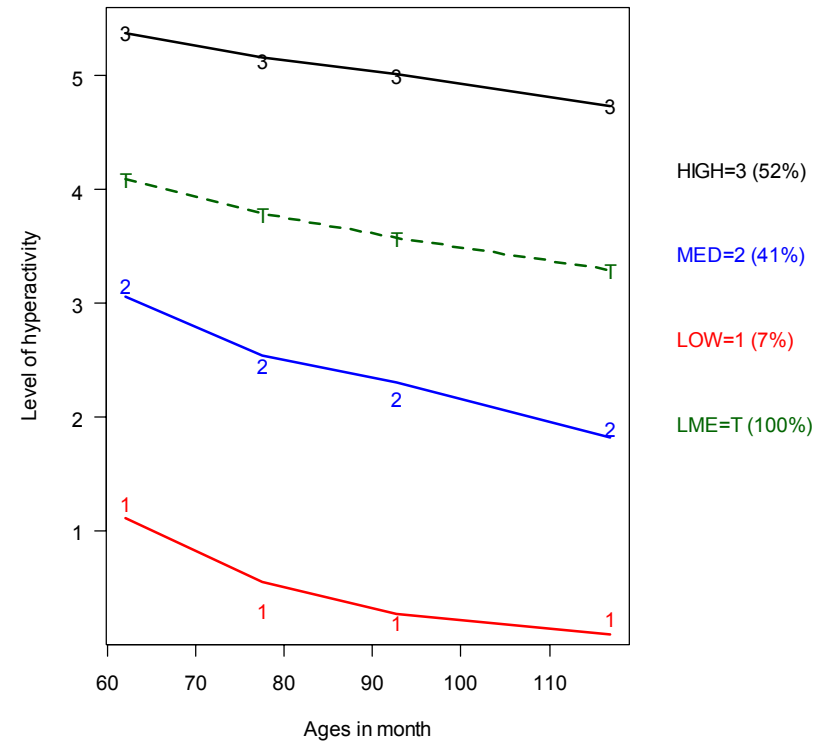
Huijbregts, S. C. J., Séguin, J. R., Zoccolillo, M., Boivin, M., & Tremblay, R. E. (2007). Associations of maternal prenatal smoking with early childhood physical aggression, hyperactivity-impulsivity, and their co-occurrence. *Journal of Abnormal Child Psychology*, 35, 203-215.

# Approche développementale ELDEQ-Pilote

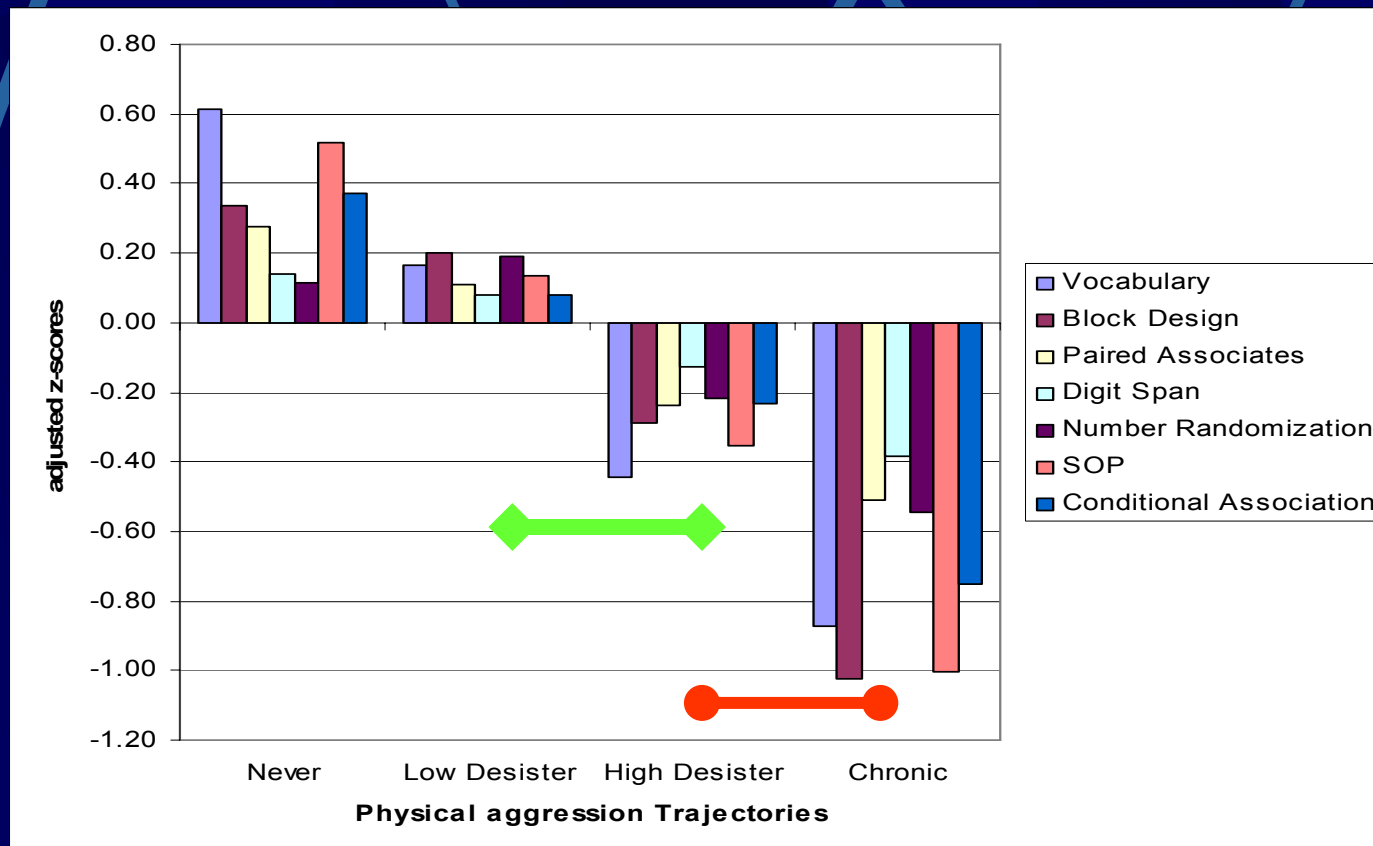
Trajectories of physical aggression (ages 42-108 months)  
with VCR, including LME fit



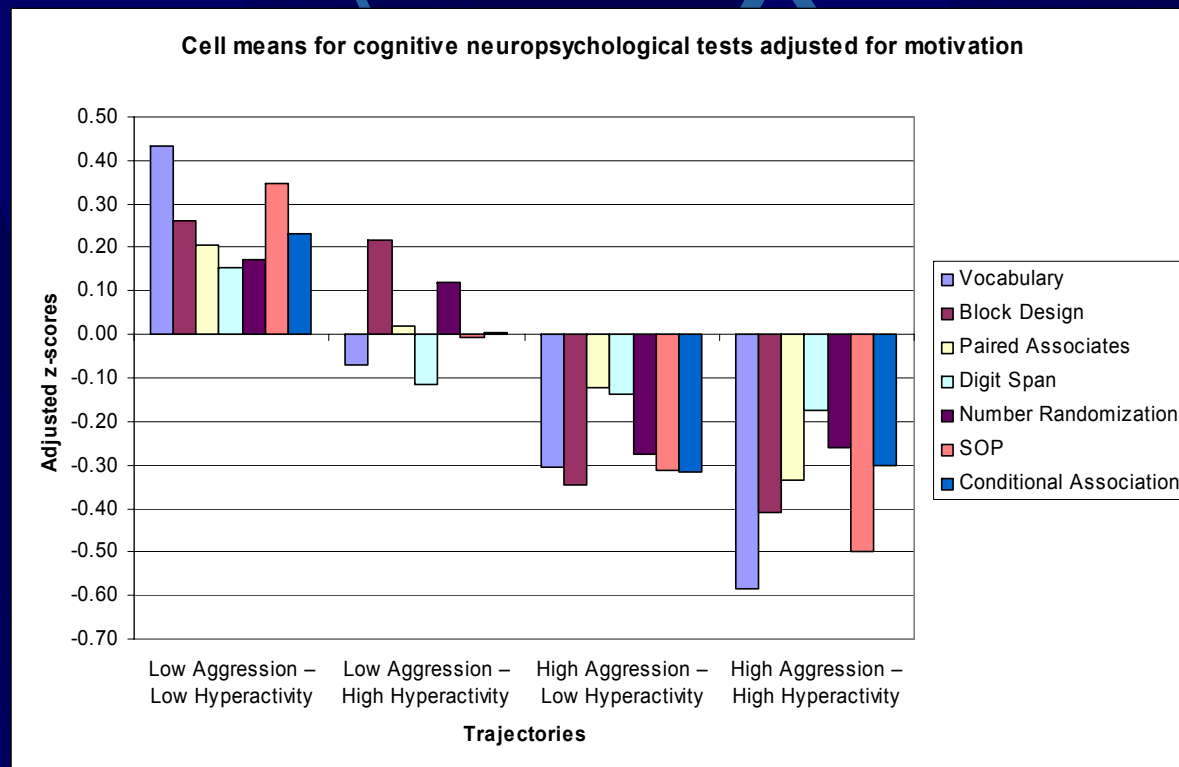
Trajectories of hyperactivity (ages 60-108 months)  
with FIST including LME fit



# Habiletés cognitives (20 ans) et trajectoires d'agression physique (ELEM): Devis longitudinal – taille d'effet énormes

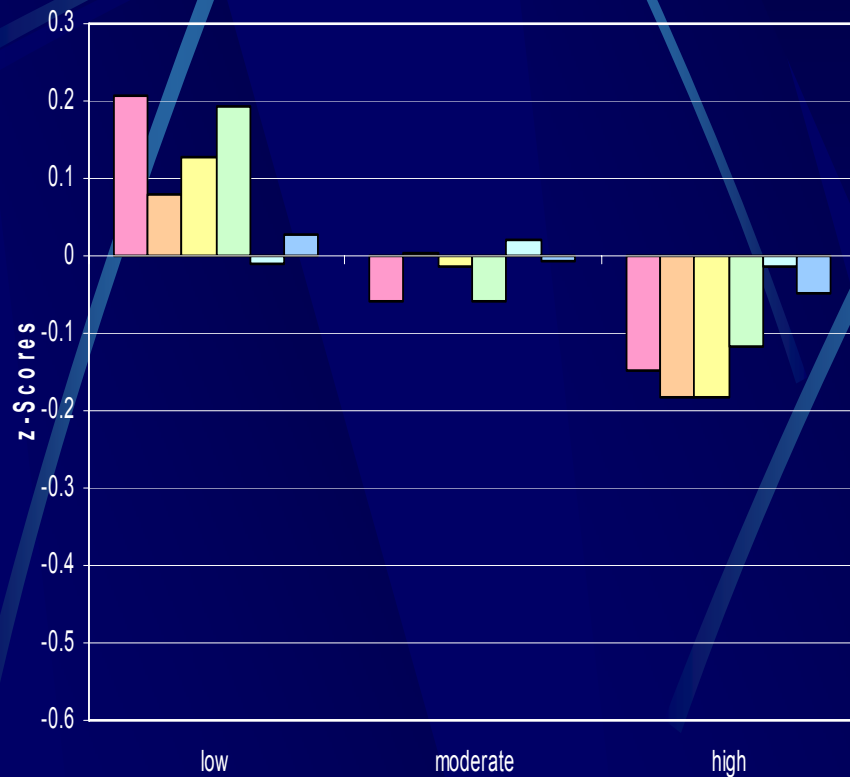


# Habiletés cognitives (20 ans) aggression physique et hyperactivité ELEM

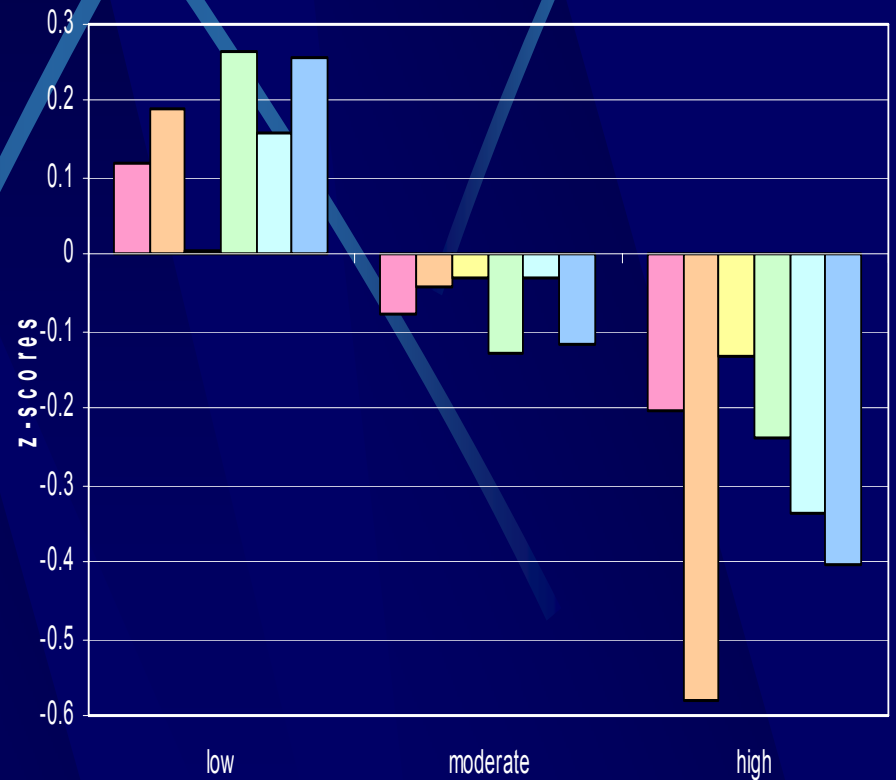


Séguin, J. R., Assaad, J.-M., Nagin, D. S., & Tremblay, R. E. (2004). Cognitive-neuropsychological function in chronic physical aggression and hyperactivity. *Journal of Abnormal Psychology*, 113, 603-613.

# Habiletés cognitives (42 mois) agression physique et hyperactivité II ELDEQ-Pilote

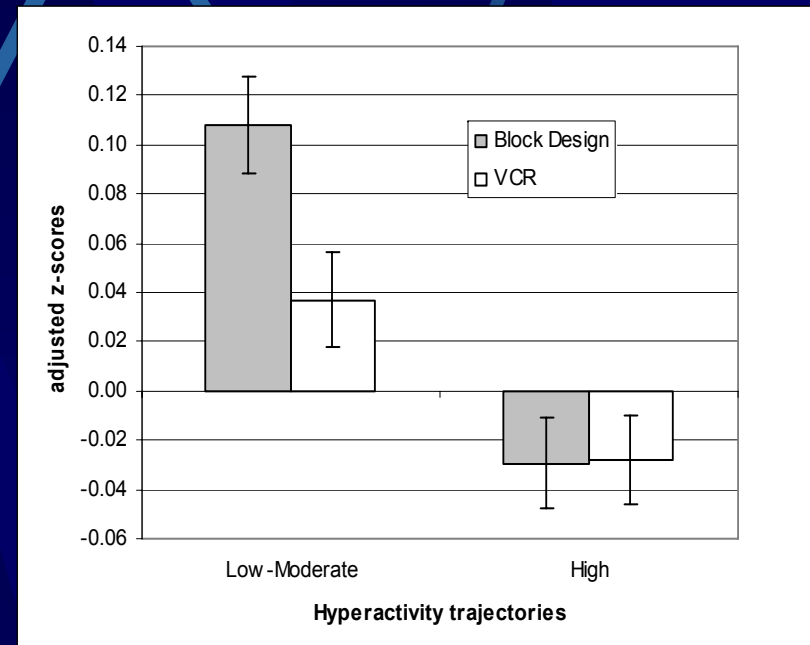
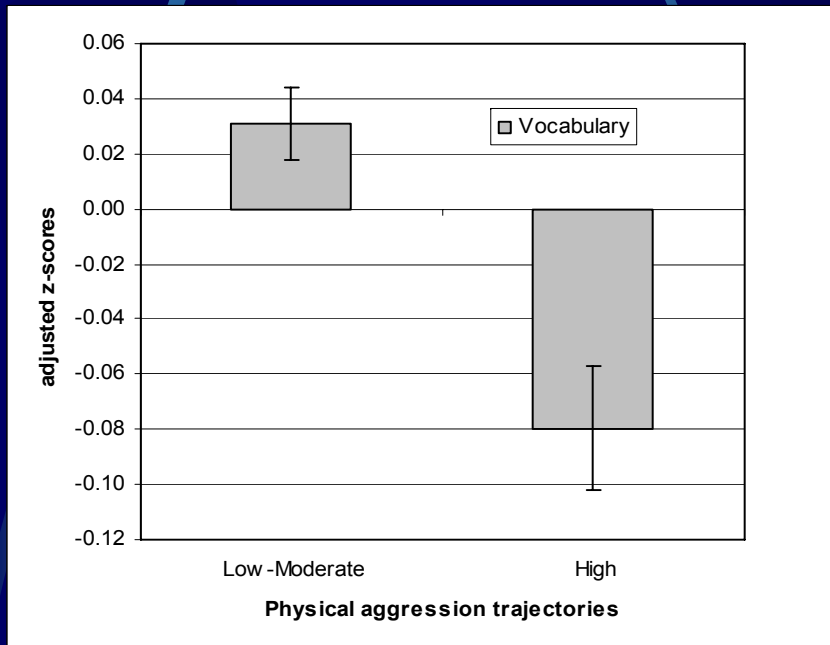


Physical aggression Trajectories



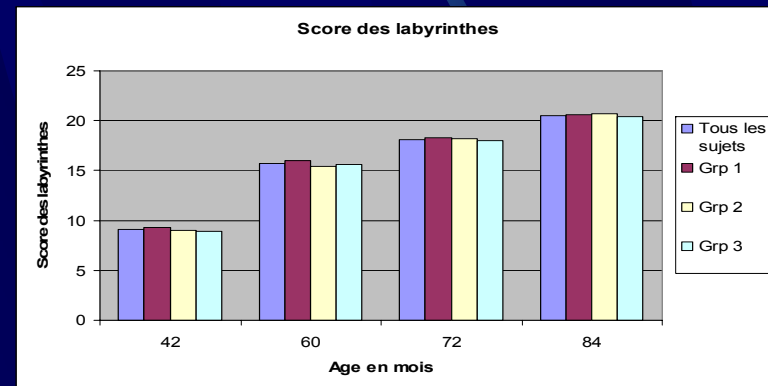
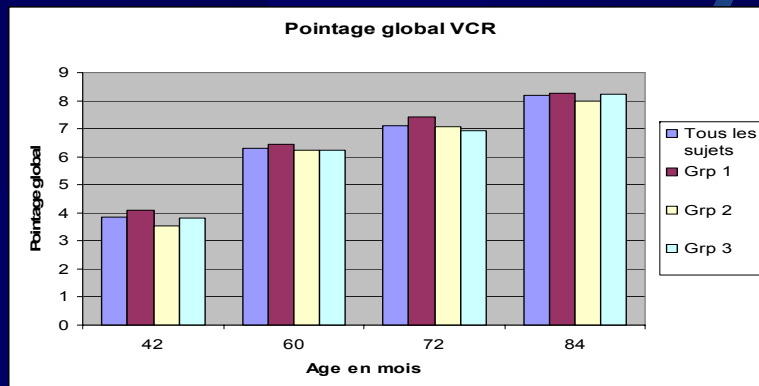
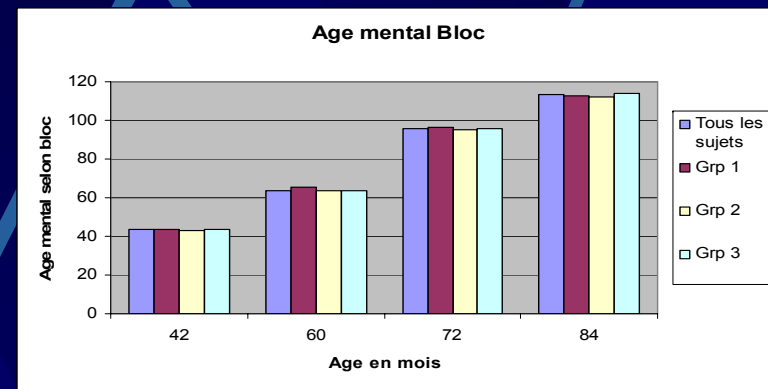
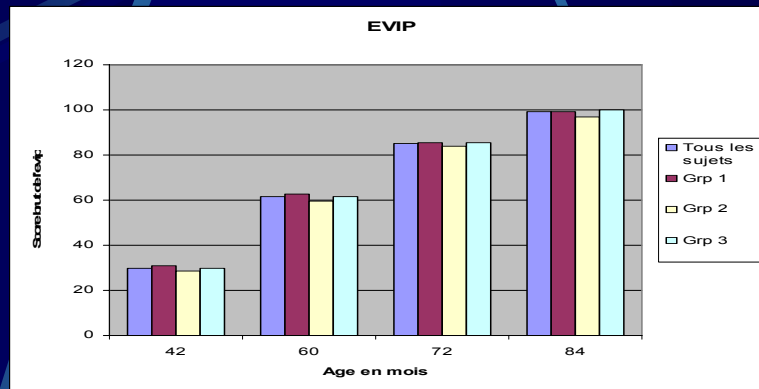
Hyperactivity Trajectories

# Habiletés cognitives (42 mois) agression physique et hyperactivité II ELDEQ



Séguin, J. R., Parent, S., Tremblay, R. E., & Zelazo, P. D. Different neurocognitive functions regulate physical aggression and hyperactivity in early childhood. *Journal of Child Psychology and Psychiatry*, (accepté).

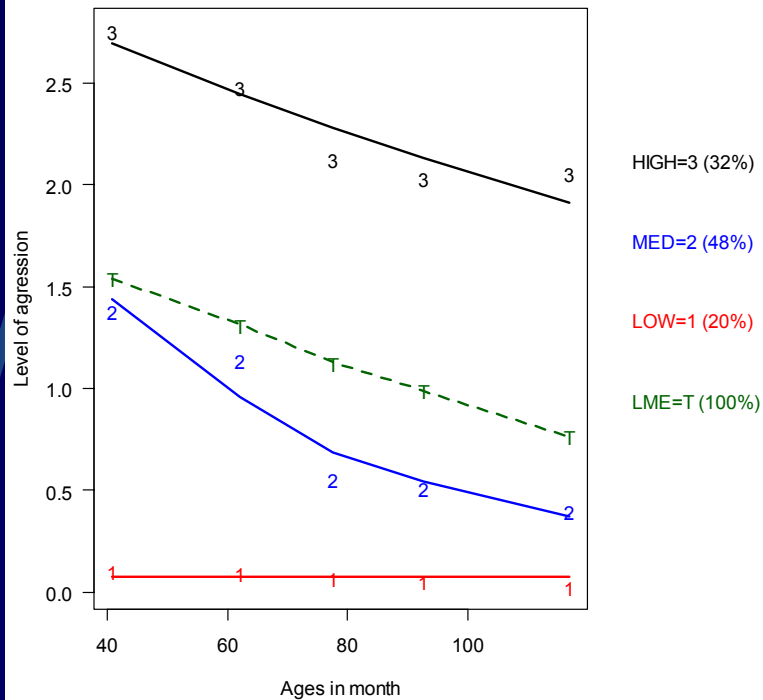
# Développement des habiletés cognitives en fonction de l'agression physique (ELDEQ-Pilote)



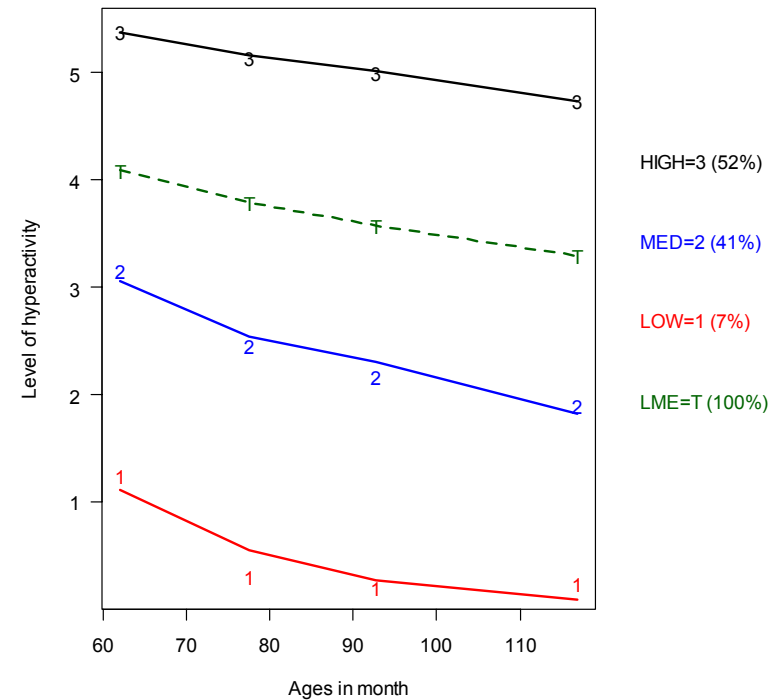


# Développement conjoint: Déterminer la séquence (ELDEQ-Pilote)

Trajectories of physical aggression (ages 42-108 months)  
with VCR, including LME fit



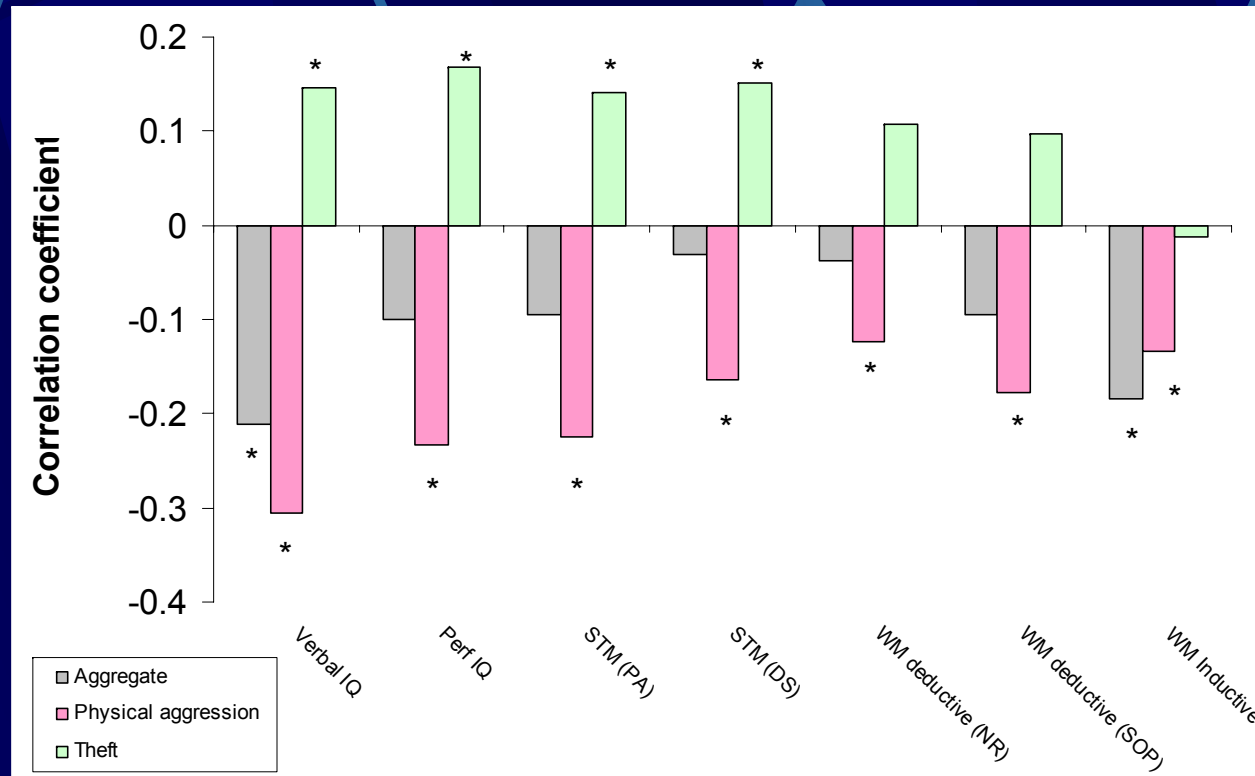
Trajectories of hyperactivity (ages 60-108 months)  
with FIST including LME fit



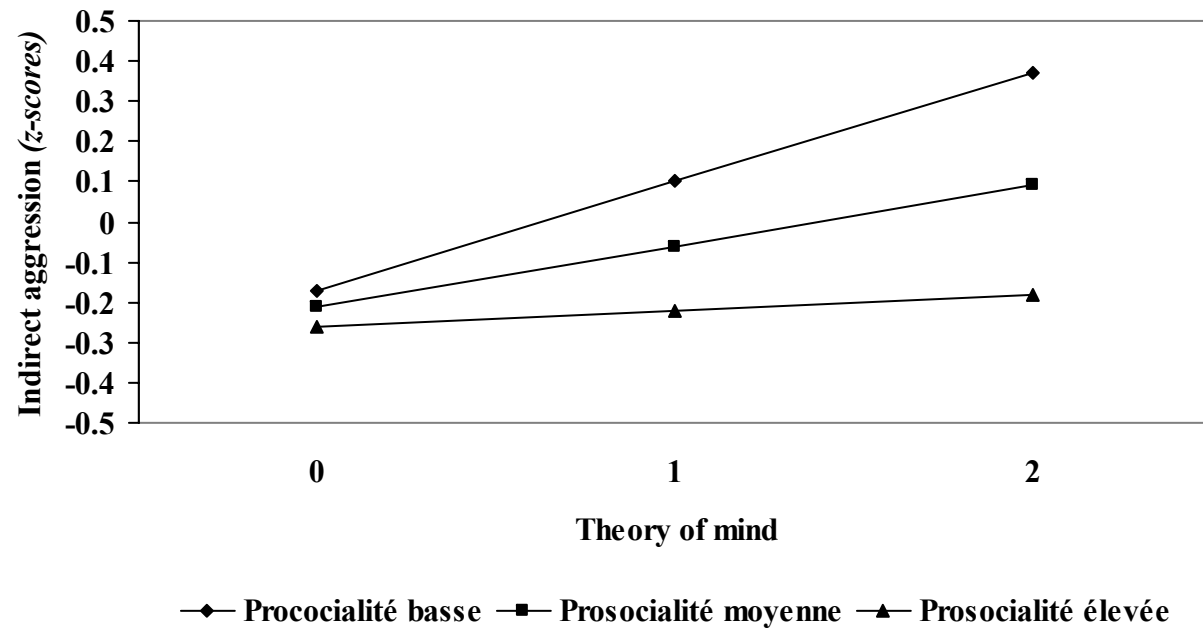
Compte tenu du lien négatif généralement observé, y aurait-il lieu de favoriser une intervention cognitive pour aider à la régulation des conduites problématiques?



# Habiletés cognitives, comportement antisocial, agression physique et vol (ELEM)

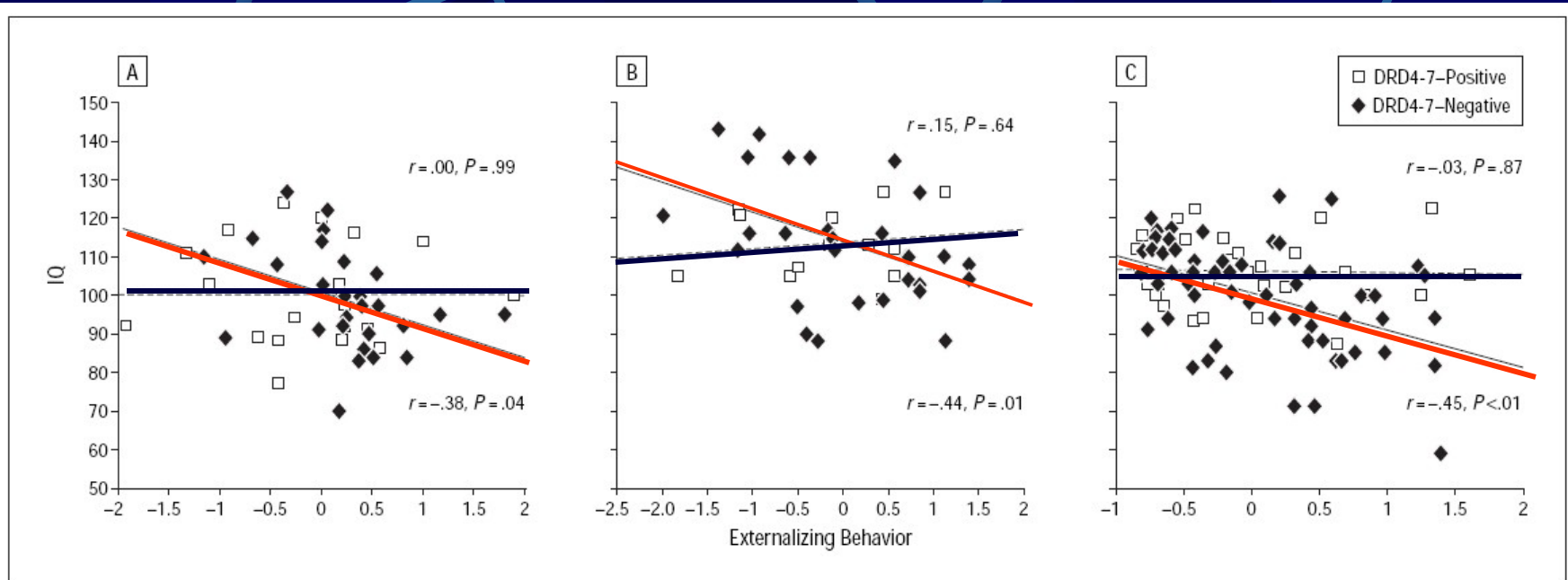


# Habiletés cognitives, agression indirecte et prosocialité (ELDEQ-Pilote)



Renouf, A., Brendgen, M., Parent, S., Vitaro, F., Zelazo, P. D., Boivin, M., Dionne, G., Tremblay, R.E., Pérusse, D., Séguin, J.R. (2008). Predictive link between theory of mind and indirect aggression in kindergarten: Evidence of the moderating role of empathy. (Soumis)

# DRD4-7 et comportements extériorisés (ELEM + Toronto)



**Figure 1.** Association between externalizing behavior (standardized within each sample) and IQ in 3 male samples, as a function of dopamine D4 receptor 7-repeat allele (*DRD4-7*) status. A, Sample 1: aggressive children (n=48). B, Sample 2: adult attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (n=42). C, Sample 3: low economic status community child sample (n=87). All *P* values are 2-tailed.

*DRD4*:  $r = -.43, p < .0001$ ; *DRD4-7*:  $r = .02, p = .45$ ;  $z = -2.99, p < .01$

DeYoung, C.G., Peterson, J. B., Séguin, J. R., Mejia, J., Pihl, R. O., Beitchman, J.H.; Jain, U.; Tremblay, R.E.; Kennedy, J.; Palmour, R.M. (2006). Variation in the Dopamine D4 Receptor Gene Moderates the Association between Externalizing Behavior and IQ. Archives of General Psychiatry.

# Influences sur le développement

- Facteurs multiples - Tremblay et coll (2004)
- Périnatalité - Huijbregts et coll (2006, 2007, 2008)
- Sommeil - Touchette et coll (2007)
- Rêves – Gauchat et coll (soumis)
- Diabète gestationnel - Dionne et coll (accepté)
- Préparation à l'école – Lemelin et coll (2007), Forget-Dubois (2007), Boivin et al (2008)
- Relations mère-enfant – Caron et al (2007)
- Fonctionnement familial – Felli et coll (2007)
- Garde non-maternelle - Geoffroy et coll, (2007)
- Comportements petite enfance – Baillargeon et coll (2007)
- Alimentation – (Nantel-Vivier et coll., en préparation)
- Jeux rudes – Flanders (en préparation)
- Cortisol et rythmes circadiens – (Walsh et coll, en préparation)

# Remerciements

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- Groupe de Recherche sur l'Inadaptation Sociale chez les Enfants ( U de Montréal)
- Ste-Justine's University Hospital Research Center
- Fonds de Recherche en Santé du Québec
- Fonds de Recherche sur la Société et la Culture du Québec
- Instituts de Recherche en Santé du Canada
- Conseil de Recherches en Sciences Humaines du Canada
- Conseil de Recherches en Sciences Naturelles et en Génie (Canada)
- The National Consortium on Violence Research (NCOVR/NSF)
- Fondation Molson